# EVENT SCHEDULE



December

#### **15TH SHIGA PREFECTURAL FACILITIES AND SPECIAL SCHOOLS JOINT EXHIBITION "ing"**



The exhibition showcasing art and design works created by people with disabilities is an initiative of Borderless Art Museum NO-MA in conjunction with special schools and care facilities in Shiga and local art and design instructors.

DATE From Sat., December 1st, 2018 to Sun., February 24th, 2019
\*Closed Mon. (If Mon. is a public holiday, then next day will be closed day), from Sat.,
December 29th, 2018 to Fri., January 4th, 2019

PLACE Borderless Art Museum NO-MA (16 Nagahara-cho Kami, Omihachiman, Shiga)

ADMISSION Y200 (V150), University Students and High School Students
V150 (V100), Junior High School Students and younger for free.

'Prices in brackets () are for groups of 20 or more TEL 0748-36-5018

## **BIWAKO ART FESTIVAL 2018**

WEB http://www.no-ma.jp/english.html



An art festival with varied programs including musical collaboration by junior orchestras and ballet groups from Shiga and a piano recital from the Shiga Prefectural

Cultural Prize for the Next Generation recipient, as well as artoriented workshops and an art-themed handcrafted market.

DATE Sat., December 22nd, 2018 TIME 11am-6pm (Main Theatre open until 7:50pm)
PLACE All facilities in Biwako Hall, Center for the Performing Arts,
Shiga (15-1 Uchidehama, Otsu, Shiga)
ADMISSION Free admission to an orchestral concert in the Main Theatre; a small charge for some other concerts L 077-523-7146

#### **BIWAKO HALL SILVESTER CONCERT 2018-2019**



WEB https://baf2018.com/

The annual Silvester Concert on New Year's Eve has been going since 1998 when the facility first opened. The concert features entertaining music as well as

raffles and a host of other attractions. You can enjoy the moment of countdown to New Year that reaches the climax.

DATE Mon., December 31st, 2018 TIME 10pm-12:30am
PLACE Main Theatre, Biwako Hall Center for the Performing Arts, Shiga
(15-1 Uchidehama, Otsu, Shiga)
ADMISSION SS section ¥9.000 (¥7,500), S section ¥6,500 (¥6,000),
A section ¥5,000 (¥4,500), B section ¥4,000, C section ¥3,000,
youth discount (below 25 years old) S-C sections ¥1,500

\*Prices in brackets () are for Tomo-no-kai members
TEL 077-523-7136 (Biwako Hall Ticket Center)
WEB https://www.biwako-hall.or.jp/en

## January

#### **SPECIAL EXHIBITION:**

CULTURAL ASSETS OF THE ZODIAC — FROM DOG TO BOAR



The Shiga Prefectural Azuchi Castle Archaeological Museum at Omi Fudoki-no-Oka realistically depicts the lives of ordinary people from the Yayoi period (around 500 BCE-300 AD) through to the Kofun period (around 200 AD-600 AD).

(Wood, A-gyō, Muromachi period) As a New Year project, there will also be a special exhibition of local artworks from Shiga prefecture inspired by the signs

DATE From Tue., December 11th, 2018 to Sun., January 27th, 2019

'Closed Mon., Dec. 17th 2018, Tue., Dec. 25th 2018, from Fri., Dec. 28th 2018 to Fri.,
Jan. 4th 2019, Mon., Jan. 7th 2019, Tue., Jan. 15th 2019, Mon., Jan. 21st 2018

TIME 9am-5pm (Admission until 4:30pm)

PLAGE Shiga Prefectural Azuchi Castle Archaeological Museum No. 2 Exhibition Space (6678 Shimotoira, Azuchi-cho, Omihachiman, Shiga) ADMISSION V450 (V360), University Students and High School Students V300 (V240), Junior High School and Elementary School Students; Senior Citizens (65 years or older) who are residents of Shiga prefecture; and people with disabilities for free \*Prices in brackets () are for groups of 20 or more
TEL 0748-46-2424 WEB http://www.azuchi-museum.or.ip/

#### PERFORMANCE OF THE NOH WORK TAKASAGO



Noh Theater is a designated UNESCO intangible cultural asset. Takasago is an inspired choice for the New Year, in which matrimonial happiness and longevity are admired, and the joy of life is expressed.

TIME Doors open: 1:30pm, Performance start: 2pm, Performance end: 4:30pm PLACE Otsu Traditional Performing Arts Center (246-24 Orjoji-cho, Otsu, Shiga) ADMISSION S section V6,000 (V5,500), A section V5,500 (V5,000)

\*Prices in brackets () are for advanced sales TEL 077-527-5236

#### **NEW YEAR PERFORMANCE AT CHOEIZA PLAYHOUSE:**

TRADITIONAL SONG AND JAPANESE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT OF THE LAKE COUNTRY



themed on the place of plentiful water source, Maibara, performed by singers and musicians using authentic traditional instruments. Enjoy the beautiful melody with your heart.

DATE Sun., January 20th, 2019 ACE Shiga Theatre for Cultural and Industrial Development (2-137 Shimotara, Maibara, Shiga) \$10N ¥2,500, up to 25 years old ¥1,500 (Add ¥500 if purchasing tickets at the door)

## February

#### EXHIBITION OF *HINA* DOLL PASSED **DOWN TO MERCHANT FAMILIES**



An exhibition of excellently preserved hina dolls and other artifacts dating back to the Edo period (1603-1867) that have been lovingly maintained in the homes of Omi merchant

families. Some 110 sets of hina dolls in nine separate locations give us an insight into traditional life from old times in Japan.

DATE From Fri., February 1st to Thu., March 21st, 2019 TIME Four residences of Omi-Shonin Yashiki, 9:30am-4:30pm (Times may vary between locations) PLACE Gokashokondo in Gokasho district, Higashiomi ADMISSION Admission fees vary between locations TEL 0748-29-3920 (Higashi Omi Tourist Association)

### SPECIAL EXHIBITION:

HINA DOLLS AND MINIATURE HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS



This annual springtime exhibit provides a rare opportunity to view the complete set of hina dolls and doll-making tools given by li Naosuke, the 13th head of the powerful li clan that ruled

Hikone for generations during the Edo period (1603-1867), to his favorite daughter Yachiyo (1846-1927), together with many other hina dolls from established local families.

DATE From Fri., February 8th, 2019 to Mon., March 4th, 2019 TIME 8:30am-5pm (Admission until 4:30pm)

PLACE Hikone Castle Museum (1-1 Konki-cho, Hikone, Shiga)

ADMISSION ¥300, Junior High School and Elementary School Students ¥150

\*Some rooms may be closed for refurbishment

TEL 0749-22-6100

### WATARU HISASUE PIANO RECITAL BRAHMS PIANO SONATA NO. 2

SHIGAGIN HALL 2018-19 SERIES, SEASON 2





Wataru Hisasue, a local pianist of exceptional talent who placed third at the 2017 ARD International Music Competition in Munich, has mastered the entire collection of Brahms piano sonatas. This concert

will showcase his interpretation of Brahms Piano Sonata No. 2 and other works.

TIME 2pm-4pm
PLACE Ensemble Hall, Biwako Hall Center for the Performing Arts,
Shiga (15-1 Uchidehama, Otsu, Shiga)
ADMISSION ¥3,500, University Students or younger ¥2,000

## BIWAICHI - Cycling around Lake Biwa-



The vast natural beauty of Shiga is complemented by mountains and villages brimming with a sense of history and culture. From ancient thoroughfares and historical treasures to countless examples of nature's beauty, most notably the brilliant displays of autumnal colors, Shiga has so much to offer. Cycling is the ideal way to enjoy the many natural and cultural attractions of Shiga. For the perfect cycling holiday, try the BIWAICHI-PLUS routes with various cycling paths dotted throughout the prefecture, some of which include trains with

dedicated bicycle racks to help you get around easily. BIWAICHI-PLUS routes can make a great addition to a standard BIWAICHI—a circuit of Lake Biwa—cycling trip. Why not enjoy cycling both the lakeside and inland areas?

## BIWAICHI ( BEST SHOT!!

















KATATA

OTSU





KINOMOTO

HIKONE

OMIHACHIMAN

BIWAKO OHASHI Brg

滋賀文化プログラム beyond





# **OMI TEA** The birthplace of traditional Japanese tea

F R E E DEC 2018 - FEB 2019 vol. 2

Omi has a long history of tea, said to begin in the year 805, when Saicho, whose posthumous title is Dengyo Daishi, returned from China with seeds and planted them in the foothills of Mount Hiei. Omi-cha tea thrives in areas with great temperature differences, and features an inherent refined aroma. The region is dotted with tea growing areas, each with their own unique specialty. Tsuchiyama is famous for kabuse-cha tea, where the plants are covered before plucking to concentrate their flavor and reduce astringency. Asamiya is known for the beautiful bright golden yellow of the tea color typical of sen-cha tea. And tea from Mandokoro is extremely precious and said to be the favorite drink of feudal lord Toyotomi Hideyosh





http://www.pref.shiga.lg.jp



# ISHIYAMADERA Temple — The Sacred Grounds of Emperor Shomu's Imperial Prayer

One of the important cultural properties that remains in ISHIYAMADERA Temple is the *Ishiyamadera Engi Emaki*—a scroll painting of the history and legends of ISHIYAMADERA Temple. The scroll acts as a captioned history from the temple's creation through to the end of the Kamakura period (1185-1333), presented in the Yamato-e traditional painting style with description. The beginning tells of the temple's inception. Emperor Shomu wished to erect a giant Buddha statue at TODAI-JI Temple, the temple he had built in Nara, but for this, he would need a lot of gold. He asked the monk, Roben, for help. One night, Zao Gongen, a deity of the Shugendo religion, appeared by Roben's bedside bearing a message instructing him to offer prayers at the sacred grounds in Seta, Omi. There he met an old man calling himself Hira-myojin deity. Just as instructed, Roben took Emperor Shomu's Nenjibutsu-a sacred Buddhist icon of Prince Shotoku-enshrined it on the rock at the sacred grounds and began to offer prayers. Almost immediately afterwards gold was found in Mutsu-no-kuni (part of the current Tohoku region) and was being presented to the Emperor. The result of this was that the Nenjibutsu could not be taken away from the rock, so a simple thatched hut was built to home it, and that was the origin of ISHIYAMADERA Temple. That rock remains within the temple grounds to this day and is composed of keikaiseki-wollastonite. The main shrine of the temple-a national treasure itself—was built upon the rock. The principal image, the Nyoirin Kannon, is an impressive 5 m tall statue located in a zushi miniature shrine within the temple and is not normally available for public viewing. It sits on a pedestal of wallastonite in a half-lotus pose with its right leg bent and its left leg down. This is the only Buddhist image to have a chokufu-an imperial seal-so unveiling it to the public requires the Emperor's permission. It is available for public viewing every 33 years or the year following the enthronement of a new emperor, so your chance to see it could be just around the corner! A stand-in is on view, placed in front of the zushi, and is a significant Buddhist symbol in its own right.

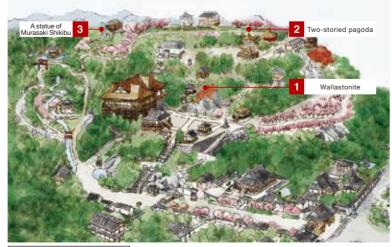
Although it stands only around 1/3 the size of the original, it is in the same pose and dates back to the Muromachi period (1333-1573). This year, 2018, marks the 1300th anniversary



scroll 5, part 1 (paper 4-5), belonging to ISHIYAMADERA Temple

of the oldest junreiro in Japan: the Saikoku Sanjusansho Junreiro are a type of pilgrimage to various temples, and this one prescribes a trip around 33 temples in the Kansai region and Gifu prefecture. To celebrate this auspicious occurrence, there are special viewings and other events until 2020. Starting your pilgrimage of the Kannon deities with a visit to ISHIYAMADERA Temple would surely make for an excellent trip!

TEL 077-537-0013 ADDRESS 1-1-1 Ishiyama-dera, Otsu, Shiga OPEN 8am to 4:30pm (Last admission: 4pm) CLOSED Open every day SION ¥600, Chancel of main shrine hall entrance: ¥500, tea: ¥500 (Special exhibitions may require additional fees



Map of the temple grounds



1 Wallastonite





2 Two-storied pagoda 3 A statue of









national treasure at KOGEN-JI Temple Heian period (794-1185).



# THE SYNGRETISM OF SHINTO AND BUDDHISM

# Trace the history of the syncretism of Shinto and **Buddhism**

It is said that since ancient times Japan has been home to 8 million unique, Japanese gods. After the introduction of Buddhism to Japan, little by little, the gods and Buddha blended into one, so much so that in the Nara period (710-794), you could find Buddhist texts being read in Shinto shrines, and even see Buddhist temples erected within Shinto shrine grounds. However, the Meiji period (1868-1912), brought about the separation of Shinto and Buddhism—all Buddhist materials were removed from Shinto shrines as part of an anti-Buddhist movement.

Yet in Shiga prefecture, perhaps because their religious piety and desire to treat both gods and Buddha with respect, you can still see many examples of the syncretism of Shinto and Buddhism to this day. One such example is the wooden Sogyo Hachimanshin seated statue held in KONSHO-JI Temple. This wooden statue depicts Hachimanshin, the Shinto god of war, but with the form of a Buddhist monk. Within the main hall of KONSHO-JI Temple there is a small shrine in which the Shijin-four gods said to rule over the four directions-reside. Since the Heian period (794-1185), the imperial court has

requested that Buddhist sutras be read for the gods, and this practice continues to this day.



# THE BUDDHIST IMAGES OF SHIGA

# Spotlight on Yakushi Nyorai and Kannon Bosatsu

It is said that the reason that Shiga prefecture is home to so many temples, the principal images of which are Yakushi Nyorai—the Buddhist god of medicine and healing, is that they are imitating HIEIZAN ENRYAKU-JI Temple. Among these myriad temples, ZENSUI-JI Temple preserves the atmosphere of the Konpon Chudo of the Heian period (794-1185)—the main hall of ENRYAKU-JI Temple. The ZENSUI-JI Temple's main hall is a national treasure obviously made in the image of the Konpon Chudo, but the similarities don't stop there—the hidden Buddhist image in ZENSUI-JI Temple depicts the same god-Yakushi Nyorai. The principle image of NISHINO YAKUSHI-DO Temple (JUMAN-JI Temple) is another example of a copy of ENRYAKU-JI Temple. From the Heian period onward, Yakushi Nyorai holds a yakko medicine pot in its hand but the hand of the statue in NISHINO YAKUSHI-DO Temple is empty with a raigoin hand pose unique to Amida Nyorai-a celestial Buddha. From this we can surmise that in later periods the statue in NISHINO YAKUSHI-DO Temple acted as a representative for Amida Nyorai too. One more point about Nyorai is that they are known as the god of healing illnesses, but in the past, they were also the god of bountiful harvests, removing evil spirits, among other things. Did you know that there are ranks for Buddhist images? The highest is for Nyorai that have achieved satori—enlightenr The next rank is for Bosatsu that are in the pursuit of knowledge to become a Nyorai. Shiga prefecture also has many Kannon Bosatsu, one such statue is the Juichimen Kannon Bosatsu, an 11-faced standing Kannon Bosatsu statue housed at KOGEN-JI Temple. This is perhaps the greatest carving masterpiece in Japan's history and is known throughout the country. When faced with the threat of being burned during wars and conflicts, the head priest and villagers hid the statue in

## **RELATED LOCATIONS**

rivers and buried it in the ground to protect it. By working

together to overcome such difficulties, we can see that one of

the traits of the people of Shiga prefecture is that they were in

1 NISHINO YAKUSHI-DO Temple

close contact with their Buddha.

lesumi, have protected
NISHINO YAKUSHI-DO Temple as their family temple
It was once a temple of the endai sect of Buddhism in

Koaza Terayama in the north-west of Nishino. It is left in ruins following repeated wars but the Buddhist statues were protected by the village people.
The statues are now in the possession of JUMAN-JI
Temple and enshrined in YAKUSHI-DO Temple.

SS 1696 Nishino Takatsuki-cho, Nagahama, Shiga OPEN 9am-4pm (Reservation required, Viewing not permitted 12pm-1pm) CLOSED Open every day ADMISSION YAKUSHI-DO Temple and Senju Kannon: ¥500

### 3 KONSHO-JI Temple

A temple of the Tendai sect silence near the peak of Mount Konze. In the 5th year of the Tenpyo period (733), Emperor Shomu requested the founder and head of ODAI-JI Temple, high Buddhist priest Roben, to

1000

establish a temple for prayer to protect the country from the northeastern direction of ancient Nara, as this was thought to be unlucky.

TEL 077-558-2996 (Mountain top monk), 077-558-0058 (Village monk) ADDRESS 1394 Arahari, Ritto, Shiga OPEN 9am-5pm (Closes at 4:30pm between Dec and Mar)
CLOSED Open every day ADMISSION ¥500
SMOKING No WEB https://www.konsyoji.com

4 UKIMI-DO Temple UKIMI-DO Temple was built in by Eshin Sozu, who was the model for the character *Bishop* of *Yokogawa* from The Tale of Genji. It is also famous as one of the Eight Views of Omi paintings: Katata no Rakugan

 Wild geese returning hom at Katata. It is officially the MANGETSU-JI Temple, and the KANNON-DO main hall within its grounds enshrines the Shokannon Bosatsu seated Buddhist statue.

TEL 077-572-0455 ADDRESS 1-16-18 Honkatata, Otsu, Shiga OPEN 8am-5pm SED Open every day IISSION ¥300 KING No

2 KOGEN-JI Temple

A temple of the Jodo Shins

Otani sect of Buddhism, al

known by the name DOUGAN-KANNON-DO Temple. Feature:

Kannon-an 11-faced god of

carved by the monk Taicho in the 8th year of the Tenpyo

RESS 50 Douganii Takatsuki-cho, Nagahama, Shiga

eriod (736), to ward the city against the

OPEN 9am-4pm (Last entry 3:30pm)

perhaps Japan's best example of a *Juichimen* 

mercy. This statue is a

which it was suffering.

ENGLISH BROCHURE